THE DAILY GAZETTE.

6. COLORADO SPRINGS, MAY 7, 1878. Price, Five Cents.

ELEGRAPHIC

rday's Proceedings of the 46th Congress.

vations of the Transit of Mercury.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Oust Diaz.

on Riot at Weldon, North Carolina.

le of Hon. J. M. Binckley, at Milwaukee.

nding of a Couple of Lunatics.

eign and Home Notes of Interest.

ective Fires in Different Parts of the Country.

WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

INGTON, May 6.—Mr. Stanley moved d the rules and pass a bill repealing uff and on chewing and smoking to sixteen cents per pound; on cigars, ts per 1,000; on cigarettes, weighing than three and one-half pounds to and one dollar and twenty-five cents and, and weighing over three and pounds, five dollars per thousand. on was not agreed to; yeas, 121; nays, ,

use committee on education and labor ced upon a bill making it a misde- w any to send a child a vessel to take more en Chinese passengers, male or female, nited States after January 1st, 1879. committee was agreed upon a bill au- the distribution to public libraries of of every document published for pub- ution by congress.

llowing bills were introduced: By Mr. ndemnity Illinois and other states in swamp lands.

ill to enable soldiers of the late ecmpt land to the extent of 160 acres. ill to repeal the law relating to

ge, the preceding clause establishing a permanent form n of Congress District of Colorado, is amended so as to read as a proper qual- in regard to the commissioners and ers of the council, and abolishes the It also provides for the payment of st of the 65 bonds, but decides that the act shall be construed in ac- ement of any liability on the part of d States to pay the principal other- has provided in the act for the issu- ose bonds.

x of Ohio offered an amendment re- at commissioners shall be appointed sident, by and with the consent of the Long discussion followed on the bill which provides for three commis- one an engineer officer above the rank , to be appointed by the president, elected by the senate, and the third to by the house. The amendment of Mr. Cox was rejected. Mr. Frye detail an officer of the engineer corps ny as one of the commissioners and he words "directing that one of the others shall be a competent engineer."

rrell moved to amend the clause re- hat the two elected commissioners actual residents of the district for ten making it five years. Agreed to. The at striking out the property qualifica- for members of the council, was also striking out the clause require- rs to a poll tax. The com- reported an amendment limiting the xation to one dollar, and seventy- per hundred dollar of regular property. Mr. Buckner proposed e limit two dollars. In course of sion on this point the question of the the government for the 3-65 bonds Mr. Blackburn insisting that under g laws the government was liable for but was not liable for the principle. x, of N. Y., and Cox, of Ohio, de- ability of the government for either al or interest. Without disposing of in the house adjourned.

SENATE.

TON, May 6.—The president pro before the senate the house bill to further retirement of United States er notes, which was read the first tle, that it might be referred to the on finance, in accordance with the

Cockrell objected to its reference and bill be read a second time. His to have the bill passed without re- Senator Morrill objected to a second the bill to-day, and it was laid over.

Sargent, from the committee on ap- s, reported the pension appropria- ion bill without amendment.

Bill on reported on Indian appropri- amendment.

ate then took up the bill for the re- bankrupt law, reported from the committee with amendments on ast.

Senator Beck submitted an amendment to strike out the first of January, 1879, as the time when the repeal of that law should take effect, and insert in lieu thereof the 1st day of January, 1878, the time fixed in the law relating to repeal of the law from its passage.

Senator McDonald presented a petition signed by a large number of persons praying that General J. S. Fremont be included in the bill now pending, to place General Shields on the retired list of army officers. Referred.

Senator Sargent from the committee on appropriations called up the house bill making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1878, and in an explanation stated that the committee on appropriations had added an appropriation of $35,000 additional for fees to the examining surgeons in order to enable the committee to secure the services of physicians of standing.

Referring to the second section of the bill as it came from the house, which provides that from and after July 1, 1878, the office of pension agent shall be filled by wounded or disabled Union soldiers, Mr. Sargent said should that be adopted, it would require a change of the office of pension agents all over the country on the 1st day of July next. The committee on appointments therefore reported an amendment to strike out the house section and insert as follows:

"That hereafter in appointing pension agents, preference shall be given to wounded or disabled soldiers. He was not disposed to turn out pension agents who had given bonds and were faithfully discharging their duties now. The clause in the house bill providing that a fee of one dollar and no more shall be paid to an examining surgeon for each examination of a pensioner, and the amendment reported by the committee on appropriations increasing the appropriation for examining surgeon fees from $50,000 to $85,000. Agreed. That last amendment was in regard to the appointment of pension agents.

Senator Dorsey submitted an amendment that on the first day of January, 1879, the terms of office of all pension agents shall expire, and thereafter honorably discharged, wounded or disabled Union soldiers or widows or daughters of such soldiers shall be appointed to such offices. Agreed to, yeas 27, nays 22.

Senator Sargent then submitted an amendment to that of the committee providing that from and after the passage of the act, in case of vacancy in the office of pension agent, it shall be filled by the appointment of a wounded or disabled Union soldier. Agreed to.

Pending discussion, Mr. Christiancy introduced a bill to amend section 541 of the revised statutes and to punish forgery and other like crimes injuriously affecting foreign governments. Referred.

Adjourned.

Washington Notes.

The president has appointed Stephen B. Packard, of Louisiana, commissioner to Liberia.

General McDowell has been instructed to institute a vigilant watchfulness along the southern border of Arizona and Southern California, to prevent a violation of the neutrality laws by Lerdo revolutionists, and to arrest any and all persons who are suspected congregating on the border for that purpose. General Ord has notified the war department that he has made such distribution of forces under his command as will in his judgement, with the cooperation of other federal officers and state officials, prevent any serious violation of the neutrality laws. He has directed the prompt arrest of all suspected parties who may attempt to cross from the United States into Mexico. His action has been approved at headquarters in this city.

GENERAL NEWS.

Observations of the Transit of Mercury at Cambridge.

BOSTON, May 6.—Observations of the transit of Mercury were taken yesterday at the Cambridge observatory. They were somewhat interfered with by clouds, but in the afternoon the clear sky afforded a most favorable opportunity for the observation. The contact took place several seconds later than 10:26; the general result is considered quite satisfactory.

WEST POINT, May 6.—Observations for all four contacts of Mercury with the sun were successfully made at West Point observatory.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—According to the observations of Prof. Newcomb and assistants, the second contact of Mercury with the sun occurred at thirty-three minutes and fifty seconds past 5 o'clock this p. m., and the external contact two minutes and fifty seconds later. The planet through the telescope appeared not larger than a silver 50 cent piece. Gentlemen engaged in the work say there could not have been a better day for an observation. Prof. Eastman was at the old telescope at the National observatory, and Prof. Hall superintended the taking of passing planets. These photographs were produced by means of the horizontal telescopes and reflector.

Election Riot.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 6.—The regular municipal ticket was everywhere victorious over the radical, disorganizing the independents and bolters. A fight occurred at Weldon over a dispute as to a negro's right to vote. Words were followed by blows, during which Capt. J. Tenery was struck on the head and badly hurt. Eight or ten shots were fired at the rioters. Jno. Pinnell, a negro, was shot in the mouth and breast, and died in five hours. Another negro was wounded in the shoulder. The sheriff, a republican, spoke to the mob; he was followed by a prominent newspaper man, and the mayor of the town. Two men, Emery and Robert Day, were bound over in the sum of $2,000 each. The excitement was very great, and at times the people were wild with excitement. Everything is now quiet. During the riots the polls were closed.

Destructive Fire in Pennsylvania.

BRADFORD, PA., May 6.—A fire started in a small stable here this afternoon, and the flames spread over two acres of the business portion of the city. A large livery stable, several stores, oil offices, and dwellings were burned. One hundred thousand dollars' worth of real and personal property was destroyed.

LATER.—Loss, $50,000; insurance, $25,000. The principal losers are the Bradford House, $12,000; and B. C. Mitchell, $12,000.

Corner Stone Laying.

LEAVENWORTH, May 6.—The ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new post chapel at Fort Leavenworth took place Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. Rev. Jno. Wright, post chaplain, officiated, assisted by T. D. Mitchell, chaplain of military prison, and Rev. T. W. Barry, rector of St. Paul's church, Leavenworth. Among those present were General Pope, General W. McKee Dunn, Judge Advocate, General Bishop Vail, of the diocese of Kansas, and other distinguished visitors. The three companies of mounted infantry that go out to superintend the removal of the Ute Indians to New Mexico, will leave Ft. Leavenworth on Friday of this week.

Suicide of Hon. J. M. Binckley.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., May 6.—There seems to be but little doubt that Hon. J. M. Binckley, ex-assistant attorney of the United States, committed suicide on Saturday evening by drowning, in the Lake near St. Francis seminary, near the south end of the bay. He left several letters addressed to different parties in this city the contents of which show conclusively his intent to commit suicide. All efforts to recover the body have thus far been of no avail. The immediate cause of his rash act is attributed to to mental aberrations brought on by domestic troubles. Mr. Binckley's family consisted of a wife from whom he was separated, and four children who are now at Knoxville, Tennessee.

Robbery near Boston.

BOSTON, May 6.—The police arrested H. W. Otis, Chas. Doherty, Wm. Ryan, alias H. Ryman, alias Mysterious Billy; Jno. E. Conners alias Jack Conners, Chas. H. Goldman, and Jennie Walton, charged with complicity in robbing a safe from the house of Ephraim Otis, in South Situate, last Monday night, robbing it of $30,000 in bonds. Herbert W. Otis, is the nephew of the person robbed and a member of the firm of Merrick, Billings & Otis, druggists, of Boston, a concern which lately failed. Otis, it is supposed, concocted the whole plan of the robbery. The entire property was recovered.

Fire in Keokuk.

KEOKUK, IOWA, May 6.—A fire in the general offices of the Keokuk and Des Moines railroad company this morning destroyed the building, and also Burkitt's wholesale notion house and some other buildings. The railroad company lose everything except the contents of their safe. Burkitt's stock was valued at $45,000; the insurance will more than cover the loss.

Failure to Oust Diaz.

GALVESTON, May 6.—A News special says an attempt was made by the revolutionists to oust Diaz, governor of Chihuahua, but it resulted in a failure. A large number of the conspirators are in jail, while other fled.

Earthquake Epidemic.

PANAMA, April 27.—An earthquake occurred at Manizals on the 22d of last month, and did considerable damage to houses. No lives lost.

An epidemic at Medellin is depopulating the towns.

FOREIGN.

The Re-Opening of Parliament.

LONDON, May 6.—Parliament reopened to-day. In the house of commons notice was given of the various questions regarding the employment of Indian troops. Northcote in reply to a question of Marquis of Harlington said: "I can only say negotiations continue with Russia. It would be disadvantageous to the public interest to discuss them now."

Fire at Manchester England

LONDON, May 6.—An enormous fire is now raging in Manchester. Owing to the want of water two large finishing yards and nine or ten houses have already been destroyed.

War Notes.

Count Schouvaloff, Russian Ambassador at London, is expected in St. Petersburg this week. Much importance is attached to his visit.

A Constantinople correspondent says another palace revolution is threatened. It is difficult to say what would be the attitude of Russia in case of a revolution, but there is great danger that Russian and English troops would come into collision.

In view of the rumors that Russia is preparing a fleet on the Pacific coast to be ready in the event of war with England, the following dispatch from Yokahama, Japan, may have significance. It was received by a ship owner in New York from the master of his bark: "Things look warlike here. Can sell the vessel to good advantage. Answer what you will take."

Another correspondent says the Pashas are all ready to fly at each others throats. Osman Pasha is cursed on all sides by other Pashas as a fool and traitor. Without English or Russian support the Sultan could not remain on the throne a single day.

Reports of English recruiting officers for the past month show a remarkable increase in the number of enlistments for the army, and the increase is still advancing at a steady rate.

A Constantinople special says: Todyk Pasha, president of the Turkish council of ministers, and Savfit Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, had an interview with Gen. Todleben Saturday.

A special from Pera says advices from Adrianople and Philippolis of the 2d inst. report continued fighting about Hasker, in which district twenty one Mohammedan villages have been destroyed. The Russians are laying the blame on the Bulgarians, and the Bulgarians are laying it on the Russians. There have been many arrests at Adrianople among Bulgarians accused of complicity in the destruction of Turkish villages. The insurgents have not descended into the plain farther west than Hasker, but Turk Bulgarians who have been converted to Islamism, of Drubima valley, cooperate with the main body of the insurgents, furnishing contingent and holding mountain passes to counteract Russian forces, is marching from Roken, Rahbonia, and other places. Thirty eight wounded Russians have been brought to Philippolis. The main body of insurgents is estimated at 30,000, exclusive of armed bands. Information reaches us that many Greeks have deserted, and there is a communication between the leaders and the insurgent bands of Thessaly, which seems credible when it is remembered that the Greek insurrection was anti-Slav, rather than anti-Turk. There seems also reason to expect that a strong Albanian contingent will join the insurrection.

Telegraphic Brevities.

The Kansas State Medical Association meets at Topeka tomorrow.

General Grant and his party has left Cairo for Paris and Paris.

Franklin, Upton & Co., hide and leather dealers, of Congress street, Boston, have failed. Liabilities $100,000.

The stoppage of the plundered and bankrupted mills at Fall River, Mass., has made a decrease in the production of print cloths of some 15,000 pieces per week.

Two inmates of the lunatic asylum at Blackwell Island have died, and one is seriously ill from drinking a mixture of ale and chloroform surreptitiously secured on Saturday.

The United States marshal at New York, yesterday morning, sold, at auction, the stock and machinery of Christian H. Luthemann's tobacco manufactory, to satisfy a judgement obtained by the government amounting with costs to $178,000.

A portable engine exploded at Memphis, yesterday morning, killing John Holst, the engineer, and fatally injuring the fireman. Four or five laborers were wounded.

Crops in the neighborhood of Topeka promise to be better than for years. Wheat will be harvested from June 1st to the 15th. A good deal of corn has been planted already.

Dangerous counterfeit note of the denomination of $10, on the Mechanics National Bank, of New Bedford, Mass., has been put in circulation in the western states.

Geo. Atwood, a brakeman on a K. P. freight train, fell from the cars on Saturday night, between Linwood and Lawrence. He crawled to the station and died on Sunday at 10 o'clock, from internal hemorrhage.

Commercial and Monetary.

(By Telegraph.)

THE STOCK MARKET.

New York, May 6.

Gold—Steady, opening at 100¼.
Carrying Rates—Flat to 1¾ per cent.
Sterling—Steady, 60 days at 4 84½@4 85 per cent.
Prime Mercantile paper—4@5 per cent.
Call on Stock Exchange—3½ per cent.
Treasury Statement—The amount of treasury disbursed $435,000.
Clearings—$75,000,000.
Sterling—Steady, 60 days, 4 84½@4 85; sight, 4 86@4 87. Government bonds firmer—every security higher. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds generally higher. Stocks opened firmer, but at the close generally lower. Transactions aggregate 300,000 shares. The leading stocks and prices ruled as follows. Under the action of bearing operators were assaulted with considerable animation.

The following are the closing quotations.

COUPONS.

Coupons, '67	104¾	New 4½s, coupon	103¾
Coupons, '68, new	103¾	New 4½s, reg	102¾
Coupons, '68	105¾	New 4s, coupons	104¾
Coupons, '65	104¾	10-40's, reg	104¾
New 5s	105¾	10-40's, coupons	105¾
New 4½s, reg	103¾	Currency 6s	119

STOCKS.

W. U. Telegraph	81¾	N. J. Central	77
Quicksilver	12¾	Rock Island	109¾
Quicksilver, pref	30	St. Paul	34¾
Pacific Mail	34¾	St. Paul, pref	74¾
Marifosa	12	T. W. & W.	14
Marifosa, pref	15	T. W. & W., pref	
Adams Express	124	Fort Wayne	90
Wells, Fargo Express	52¾	Fort Wayne, pref	
American Express	60	Terre Haute	5
U. S. Express	48	Terre Haute, pref	15
N. Y. Central	106¾	Chicago & Alton	77
Erie	11¾	C. & A. pref	99¾
Erie, pref	25	Ohio and Mississippi	5
Harlem	147	Del. & Lackawanna	93¾
Harlem, pref		A. & P. Tel	22¾
Michigan Central	97	Missouri Pacific	25
Panama	125	A. & P. pref	
Union Pacific	99¾	Indiana Central	
Lake Shore	62¾	C. B. & Q.	108¾
I. C.	97¾	H. & St. Joe	17¾
C. & P.	75	H. & St. Joe, pref	39
Northwestern	51¾	C. P. Bonds	107¾
Northwestern, pref	72¾	U. P. Land Grants	104
C. C. C. & I.	23¾	U. P. Sinking fund	97¾

STATE BONDS.

Missouri 6s	104¾	Virginia, new	37
Tennessee 6s, new	35¾	Virginia, old	37
Tennessee 6s, old	39		

ST. LOUIS PRODUCE MARKET.

St. Louis, May 6.

Hemp—Dull and unchanged.
Flour—Unchanged.
Wheat—Dull and lower; No. 3 red, 15¼@16¾; do. 16¼@17.
Corn—Better, 35¾.
Oats—Firm, 25¾.
Rye—Steady, 60¾.
Whisky—$1.03.
Butter—Only local demand; choice to select yellow dairy, 10@20; choice yellow store packed, 12¼@15.
Pork—Firm and active, 7¾.
Lard—Lower, 5¾.
Hides—Very dull, dry salt, 11¾.
Pork—Dull at 9; dry salt, nominally unchanged; bacon, steady, 4¾.
Lard—Nominally $5.70@5.75.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

St. Louis, May 6.

Cattle—Shippers stand off and shipping grades nominal; butchers' stock, strong—fair to good, 3.15@4.25; choice cows and heifers, 2.50@4.00; corn-fed Texans, 3.50@4.25. Receipts, 2,000.
Hogs—Slow for shipping grades, 3.00@3.20; packing, 3.20@3.30; butchers to fancy, 3.25@3.50. Receipts, 4,000.
Sheep—Steady; extra heavy, 4.80@5.25; good to choice, 4.40@4.75; common to fair, 3.00@3.75. Receipts, 700.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

Chicago, May 6.

Flour—Steady, fair demand.
Wheat—Fairly active, a shade higher; No. 1 spring, 1.12½@1.13; No. 2, 1.11¾ bid cash; No. 3, 1.06¼@1.07.
Corn—Fairly active, a shade higher, 4.00¼ cash and May.
Oats—Good demand, a shade higher, 26¼ cash.
Rye—Steady and unchanged, 90.
Barley—Firm, 80.
Pork—Unsettled, generally higher, 8.55@8.60 cash.
Lard—Steady, firkin, 6.90@6.95 cash.
Bulk Meats—Steady and unchanged.
Alcohol—Unchanged.

METEOROLOGICAL JOURNAL OF COLORADO COLLEGE.

Colorado Springs, May 6, 1878.

	5 A. M.	7 A. M.	10 A. M.	3 P. M.	6 P. M.	10 P. M.
Corrected Bar.	29.509	29.614	29.634	29.607	29.664	29.755
Pressure of air	23.729	23.744	23.702	23.737	23.734	23.755
Thermometer	60	70	77	77	61	
Humidity	15	15	11	8	6	77
Wind direction	E	E	SW	SW		
Weather	Fair	Fair	Cloud	Clouds	Clouds	Snow

Maximum thermometer, 73.
Minimum thermometer, 50.
Daily velocity of wind, taken at 10.08 a.m., 184.
Rain begins at 9 p.m., with lightning and hail.

FRANK H. LOUD.

Situation in the Grand Canon.

[Special to the Denver Tribune.]

ROYAL GORGE, GRAND CANON, May 5.—After a trip through the grand canon, your correspondent is enabled to state the situation of the rival roads with more accuracy than the tenderfoot correspondent who have tired out before passing west of Judge Bain's court on the soda springs at the entrance to the canon. The Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company has a large camp from which all supplies necessary to support their men and build the road are furnished. This camp was threatened with destruction last Saturday night, but the enterprise was abandoned. West of this camp for half a mile we find large gangs of Denver and Rio Grande men holding the work they began before the injunction was served. Here also we find the first work done by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, to secure the canon. The work was done where there is sufficient room for ten road beds, and resembles an onion bed made by an amateur gardener. This has been abandoned. Beyond this a short distance we reach the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe camp, where the looking for their men is done. It is a small affair but gives good satisfaction. From here we take to DeRemer, we find Denver & Rio Grande and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe men everywhere, but the former are more numerous and occupy all the important points, upon the principle, I suppose, of first come first served.

One mile west of the entrance to the canon we reach the second Denver & Rio Grande camp, where large quantities of victuals are cooked and sent up the canon, to men who cannot leave their work. The next point of interest is called Dam of Rocks, and is really the door to the canon. Whoever holds it can control ingress and egress. It was at one time occupied by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe men, who used it to annoy the Denver & Rio Grande men by rolling rocks from above them. This was submitted to until life was endangered, when the Denver & Rio Grande boys captured it and stationed men on the summit to protect their men on the grade below. They still hold it. From this place to Fort DeRemer both companies have their largest forces, the Denver & Rio Grande but numbering their rivals. A short distance below Fort DeRemer the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe have placed a foot log across the river. The Denver & Rio Grande boys not being allowed to work on the grade, they amuse themselves by staying up at night and watching the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe men put in the next day, under the protection of the Bain and Shaffer light guards. Half a mile beyond this bridge we reach Fort DeRemer, beyond which the dead line no Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe man totally has passed. For a mile this distance is almost inaccessible. Vast masses of perpendicular granite rise thousands of feet above, hiding their summits in the clouds. To attempt a forcible entrance would be certain destruction.

Last but not least is McMurtrie's camp. His forces are composed of old frontiersmen, and will hold the fort as long as the canon lasts. McMurtrie is the master of this war, and his movements have nearly driven Bain, Shaffer, and their deputies crazy. All the work west of his camp to the twelve-mile bridge was done by his men. The remainder of the canon is insignificant and can be easily occupied and graded. The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe have a small force near the twelve-mile bridge. The Denver & Rio Grande occupies the first eight miles of the canon, one mile exclusively. The Denver and Rio Grande men are well supplied with tents, blankets, etc., and are paid $2.50 per day, while the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe men have only three tents and receive only $2 per day in script.

Friday night the Denver & Rio Grande boys got on the wrong path and drove all of them out of the canon and outside as far as the penitentiary. Monday, the sheriff and deputies escorted them back and put them in possession of their work, and have remained with them day and night ever since. Sunday night, the Denver & Rio Grande boys borrowed an ax from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe boys and used it to cut out an Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe foot log that was put in at an expense of $1,000. Fun, practical jokes and stories enliven the camp fires after dark, when the adventures of the day are related. From the foregoing you will see that the Denver & Rio Grande is still alive. Up to date the casualties have not weakened their ranks or cause. Mr. Weitbrec and others have been arrested and acquitted, leaving to Judge Bain and Sheriff Shaffer the pleasant legacy of a suit for damages for false imprisonment. The work taken from the baby hold by Sheriff Shaffer and his deputies has been retaken, and will remain in the possession of the Denver & Rio Grande until a decision is obtained from a competent tribunal. I send you this lengthy statement to correct the false reports which have appeared. KANE.

C. E. WELLESLEY,

REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENT.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

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LOW FIGURES

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GOOD, HONEST, SEASONABLE, STYLISH GOODS.

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The largest stock of CANDIES to be found in the city kept constantly on hand! Groceries, Figs, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, and California Fresh and Canned Fruits.

Honey Cakes

For Weddings and Festivals, made and ornamented on short notice and in a superior manner.

To all parts of the city and Manitou.

I have recently added a

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WM. BUSH.

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NOTARY PUBLIC.

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COLORADO SPRINGS.

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BURT A. BANKER, - Clerk.

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EDGAR T. ENSIGN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Member U. S. Law Association and Collection Union. Office, Room No. 2, Wolfe Block, Pike's Peak Avenue.

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The Doctrine of a Future Retributive Existence Supported by our Present Material Conditions.

On Sunday evening last, Rev. J. F. Walker gave his second lecture on the above subject to a large audience. The subject is one of such vital importance and general interest, and was handled so ably and reasonably that we print below a full report as our limited space will allow.

It will be noticed that there will be still another sermon on this subject, which will probably be delivered next Sunday evening.

THE SERMON.

Last Sunday evening we considered the reasonableness of the doctrine of a future existence from a standpoint outside of a Divine revelation. To-night we seek to establish by the same kind of evidence the belief that future existence is retributive, *i. e.*, that our conditions in that stage of our being are in a greater, or less degree determined by our conduct in the present life.

Before attempting, however, to draw any conclusions with reference to the *future* from those conditions, let us ask what those conditions are with reference to the *past*. Every phenomenon we witness is the effect of some cause. Everything we suffer is the penalty for the violation of some law. Headaches, colds or fevers are only retributions, nature's revenges upon us for disobedience to her hygienic regulations. But what about those physical sufferings that come upon us so early in life that they cannot be considered as the penalties for our own personal violations of physical law in this life? As for instance, chronic diseases, and defects and deformities of physical organization. It is customary to say that these untoward conditions are inherited from our ancestors. No doubt this is partly true. But what is it, but a law of retribution reaching over from a past that lies back of our own conscious existence and inflicting its penalties for *other* people's transgressions *upon us?*

But this accounts for only a part of those physical sufferings that come upon us so early in life that they cannot be considered as the penalties for our own violations of law. There is a large class of sufferings that seem to be incident to the very conditions into which we are born: the rigors and sudden changes in our climatic conditions, the noxious vapors that infect the atmosphere we must breathe, the poisonous insects and the venomous reptiles that threaten us with pain and death, the earthquakes that swallow up whole cities of souls, the volcanoes that vomit seas of molten lava over large areas peopled with human life and the lightning that shoots her lurid darts upon our unwarned heads, assuredly there is no ground for affirming that these untoward conditions are the penal results of violations of law by our ancestors. Is not another inference open to us, viz., that we are all in this life in a stage of existence the conditions of which have been so organized as to make it a retributive discipline upon us for violations of law, both physical and moral, in some *previous* stage of existence?

It is replied that we are not conscious of any such transgressions of law, because we have no consciousness or memory of such a previous existence. One answer is, it is not necessary that we should be conscious of such transgressions in order that we may now be suffering the penalty for them. The providential economy that can reconcile its sense of justice with punishing us for sins we have never committed, as it does in visiting upon us the consequences of the sins of our parents, can certainly justify herself in visiting retribution upon us for sins committed in some previous stage of existence, even though we may have no consciousness or recollection of that stage.

The evidences of a previous state of existence are, *first*, a consciousness or recollection of such a previous stage of existence. Now, though not every person has had an intuition of a pre existent state, nevertheless, a sort of accumulated capital of such intuition has come to be the inheritance of the race, from individual, more highly favored by their organizations, perhaps, than the masses. To such an extent is this true, that in the infancy of the race, when intuition was more active, every nation of any degree of culture entertained a popular belief in the pre-existence of the human soul. Some ancient philosophers who supported this belief claimed even to have personal recollections of incidents in their pre-existent state.

Secondly, a proof for such a pre-existent state is found in the intellectual predilections and aptitudes of individuals, manifested in early life. In some cases these peculiarities are traceable to parental influence, but more often they are not. The parents of Shakspeare are not the parents of Shakspeare the world knows and [illegible]

[illegible] another evidence to the reason [illegible] pre-existence is the possession [illegible] man mind of a certain class of [illegible] as axioms in geometry and [illegible]. Axioms are deemed as [illegible] evident as to be at once dis- [illegible] necessarily true, and yet the [illegible] to discover any method by [illegible] can be demonstrated, while [illegible] are the assumed starting [illegible] all other demonstrations [illegible] corner-stones of all pos-

[illegible] to what end is this [illegible] of our being for [illegible] what is so [illegible] of a pre-existent [illegible] demonstration [illegible] perfect solution [illegible] attaches [illegible] on the [illegible] the best [illegible] of view, [illegible] retributive

One thing is certain, if we do not go behind the present life, the sufferings of the present life are inexplicable and inexcusable on any principle of either justice or mercy. Analogy has led us to believe that what the present is to the past, the future must be to the present—retributive and probationary. To the force of this analogy, so far as the retributive conditions of the future are concerned, we must now add the remark that if the conditions of this life are retributive for the disobedience of a pre-existent state of which we preserve only such uncertain and fragmentary glimpses of memory, and the retribution is therefore so impersonal in its character, there is still stronger reason for believing that the conditions of the future will be retributive when we are compelled to admit upon similar rational evidence that we shall carry over, in our transition to the next stage, those faculties of memory and those susceptibilities of our spiritual body which will make the retribution personal to the highest conceivable degree.

But we arrive too late upon the vast field of investigation which opens up before us as we utter this sentence to make it judicious to enter upon it this evening. It must stand adjourned to a third and final lecture which I shall hope to reach next Sunday evening.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The prospect of the republican party in the coming campaign is exceedingly good. There are twenty-one districts now represented by democrats which the republicans have a fair chance of carrying. If they hold the districts they now have, and elect eleven from the twenty-one doubtful districts, they will have a decided majority. Among the twenty-one democratic districts which the republicans must carry this fall, is the Colorado district. We think republicans all over the country can be assured that the nominee of the republican party will receive such a majority this fall that the house, whether it be democratic or republican, will have no necessity of deciding a contested election.

The national committee now expect to gain one representative each in Alabama, Tennessee, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Kentucky, Louisiana, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts; two each in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Illinois, and four in New York. Should their expectations be fulfilled, the real power of the government would still continue to be in the hands of the republican party, as it should be.

THE RETIREMENT OF MR. BYERS.

Sunday morning Mr. Byers formally announced the severance of his connection with the Denver *News*. He has been connected with the *News* since the early settlement of Colorado in 1859. There probably has been no newspaper which has done more for the development of Colorado's resources, than the *Rocky Mountain News*. As the success of the newspaper has been largely due to Mr. Byers, we may truly say that to Mr. Byers as much as to any one man is due the great prosperity of our state.

We are sure the members of the press will heartily reciprocate the following expression of Mr. Byers: "Toward my brethren of the press I have none but the kindest feelings. All differences are forgotten and only pleasant recollections of them shall dwell in my memory."

Mr. Byers has our most sincere good wishes for his future prosperity.

Representative Schleicher, of Texas, is the author of a grand scheme for completing immediately all public buildings in the process of construction and erecting others that are necessary.

He proposes to raise the money to do this by issuing $50,000,000 of four per cent. bonds. He has carefully looked into the matter, and is sure the amount will be sufficient. He says we are now paying more rental than the interest on this large sum would be. Besides, it would give work to thousands of unemployed laborers.

We are hardly prepared to say this would be wise, yet we think that economy and benevolence combined are good reasons for any measure of this kind.

The New York *Tribune* says: "Patterson, of Colorado, the reformer, who occupies a seat in congress which belongs to another man, declares, with moving solemnity that there can never be any peace in this country while the question of "fraud" hangs over the people. He thinks the proof against Hayes is conclusive, and hopes he will be ousted if there is any way to do it. The people of Colorado will treat you to all the 'ousting' you want at the next election, Mr. Patterson; so try to calm yourself." Mr. Patterson while in Colorado keeps quiet on the fraud question. In fact there has been unusual quiet along the entire democratic line on this question in this state.

P. T. Barnum and James Redpath think of using the phonograph for lectures the coming season. They are now negotiating for the control of the phonograph. This will enable them to furnish first-class lectures at a cost to themselves, after the first lecture, of about 25 cents.

W. S. O'Brien, of the famous firm of Flood & O'Brien, died at San Rafael, California, on Thursday afternoon last, after a lingering illness. He leaves an estate valued at $20,000,000. He was a bachelor, but leaves several relatives.

At the largely-attended meeting of the Illinois Republican State Central Committee, last week, great enthusiasm was manifested. The republican party of Illinois is confident of a great victory this fall.

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AND LOWER PRICES
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My Stock comprises everything in the Grocery line and of the best
QUALITY.
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Your Own Choice at a discount of 50 to 75 per cent.

Violins,	$2 to $ 5
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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
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You will be convinced that he always sells

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

MAY 7, 1878.

Luck and Ill-Luck.

Luck's the giddiest of all creatures,
Nor likes in one place long to stay;
She smooths the hair back from her features,
Kisses you quick—and runs away.

Dame Ill-luck's in no such flurry,
Nor quick her close embrace she quits;
She says she's in no kind of hurry,
And sits upon your bed—and knits.

From the German of Heine, by W. W. Story.

Personal.

Patti made $92,000 in Italy.

Vinnie Ream has nearly finished Farragut.

Mr. Ruskin is able to read aloud and to walk out.

The Czar has been christened Alexander the Great.

Tweed's life was insured for twenty thousand dollars.

Mrs. Stowe has only made $300,000 out of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Lord Salisbury was, in early life, a constant writer for the London press.

The poet Southey was the originator of the phrase "By the living jingo."

General Grant's cottage at Long Branch has been rented at $3,000 for the summer.

Horace Greeley was always telling young men to go west and make spades trumps.

Col. Bob Ingersoll objects to the new dollar because it recognizes the existence of God.

Adah Menken's epitaph is "Thou knowest." Tilden's should be, "Cronin, Nose."

Mrs. Kate Chase-Sprague is going to Europe, where her eldest son, William, is now at a German school.

Mr. Gladstone thinks intemperance can be better checked by cheap coffee rooms than by heroic remedies.

All the survivors of Garibaldi's "Thousand Volunteers" who invaded Sicily in 1860, will visit him at Caprera May 5.

Mr. Holman Hunt has returned to England and is assisting Mr. Stackpole to complete the engraving of "The Shadow of Death."

Miss Sherman's marriage to Senator Cameron will be witnessed only by close friends of the family. Miss Cameron will not attend.

Dr. Schliemann will resume his archæological explorations next month. He has been in Paris with Mrs. Schliemann, who has been ill.

Lieutenant Reade, of the regular army, has been offered $7,000 per annum for seven years to take charge of the telegraphic system of Japan.

Governor Emory, of Utah, believes that feminine extravagance has already checked the growth of Mormonism, and will eventually kill it.

Minister John Walsh has given the park commission of Philadelphia thirty-four oil paintings of views in Pompeii, which he bought in Italy for $10,000.

Even as a prisoner Tweed was a great burden. Ex-Sheriff W. C. Conner demands $86,200 for fees or poundage against Tweed and Sweeney.

John W. Young, Brigham's eldest son, has re-opened the contest over his father's estate. The widows say he has already received more than his share.

The chief manager of the Chinese commission, Making-Chang, who arrived in Paris the other day to attend the exhibition, is nearly seven feet tall.

Mr. Joshua Montgomery Sears, the exceedingly wealthy young Bostonian, has made a good use of a stray $10,000 he has given it to the Boston art museum.

Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth is described as the modest and unassuming writer of sixty-eight novels. She has a wide, full brow, and clear blue eyes, and talks very well.

Baron Rothschild who dines with Lord Beaconsfield every Sunday is reported to have said, the other day: "I do not know anything more about it than this mustard pot, but I believe there is going to be war."

Gen. McClellan is a man of musch. On a certain occasion, while conversing with a party of friends on the subject of physical strength, he took a silver quarter of a dollar from his pocket and bent it between his forefinger and thumb.

Prof. Henry, who is now eighty years old, is in somewhat feeble health. His two daughters are described as so learned as to be perfect "encyclopedias of knowledge. Small talk curls up in their presence like a caterpillar on a hot shovel."

M. Gerome, the painter, has taken to sculpture, and will send to the Paris international exhibition a bronze group about seven feet high, representing two gladiators, one of whom is awaiting the signal of the inverted thumbs to dispatch the other.

Lord Salisbury is so proud of his first achievement as foreign secretary that he has had his circular to Russia printed in the form of a pamphlet, and it has been distributed throughout the country by thousands of copies. This is a very unusual distinction for a foreign office document.

The Grand Duchess of Baden, only daughter of the Emperor of Germany, is rearing her child, a girl, as though she was expected to earn her own living in after life. The child's companions are instructed not to recognize her rank in any way.

Mr. Byrant continues to swing the dumb-bells and Indian clubs every morning before breakfast, and rather prefers to walk up the nine flights of stairs to the *Evening Post* editorial rooms rather than go by the elevator. Perhaps he is afraid that the elevator will blow up.

Gen. Grant was in Florence on Saturday. He visited the galleries of the Uffozi and Patti Palaces, and attended the religious ceremonies of Holy Saturday. In the evening he was entertained at dinner by Mrs. J. Lorrimer Graham, widow of the late United States consul at Florence.

The Chinese.

You doubtless read the speech delivered in the senate last week by Mr. Booth on Chinese immigration. It was, as a matter of course, able and eloquent. Next was the anti-Mongolian side of the question presented more powerfully, and yet I cannot altogether accept the argument as conclusive. It is an abandonment of our magnificent, beneficent old republican theory of equality and fraternity among the nations; it is shutting the door in the face of humanity and pulling in the latch-string. It is for one thing, one great thing, a position favorable to, if not in alliance with, the outrageous and ferocious malcontents, the communistic mob of the Pacific coast, an element far more threatening and perilous to California's fair chief city set upon a hill, than earthquakes or tidal waves. To arrest or even to restrict Chinese immigration at this time were to surrender to Kearney, that vulgar Robespierre, or rather Chaumette, of what may be a new reign of terror—at the best a worse enemy to labor than any millionaire on California Hill. The Chinese, according to my careful observation and the report of our most reliable California friends, are a marvelously inoffensive, industrious, orderly people, who mind their own business and take care of their own poor, sick, and infirm; who do not howl over their neighbor's prosperity, or preach against his creed, or denounce his politics, or quarrel with the cut of his clothes. They never break up lawful meetings, or harangue blood-thirsty mobs, or burn orphan asylums, or railroad depots and cars. Should there be a forced exodus of this people from California, like to that of the French colonists from Acadia, the event would not be an unmixed blessing to the Pacific coast. I am inclined to believe that when they come to pass again through the Golden Gate Prosperity will be the Commodore of that melancholy fleet. The heathen alien gone, the Christian alien might fail to fill his place as domestic, as laborer, as producer. Joss-houses demolished, saloons may take their place; chop-sticks and pig-tails gone out, shillelahs and pikes may come in. *Grace Greenwood in the N. Y. Times.*

Quentin Matsys, the Flemish Painter.

The romance-lovers tell us that for the love of fair Adelaide Van Tuylt, whose father, a painter, regarding a blacksmith as unworthy to be his son-in-law, refused Matsys as a suitor for his daughter, the rejected lover, abandoning the trade in which he stood so high, vowed to become an artist, and traveled through Germany and even England, working at his profession only to obtain the wherewithal to prosecute his art studies, and at last returned to Antwerp, where, as his merits were speedily recognized, the stern father yielded, and Matsys married his lady-love, though the people still persisted in calling him *the blacksmith*. The proof he gave of his skill was, entering Van Tuyle's studio when the painter was absent, he painted on the cheek of a figure on the canvas a fly, which the painter, returning, tried to drive away, and finding it a work of art, asked who had painted the insect. In answer, Matsys demanded: "Do you think the man capable of doing this a sufficiently good painter to marry your daughter?" "If he cannot marry her, 'tis not for lack of merit." "Well, I painted the fly, and if you have any doubt of it, I will paint a dozen along side of the first." Fanenberg vouches for the truth of this story. If this tale of his travels is true, it must have been then that he wrought in England the iron tomb which covers the grave of Edward IV, in Windsor Chapel, and the incasing of the baptismal fonts at St. Peter's at Louvain, both of which works are attributed to him. In proof of the truth of this story of his love, the dubious are triumphantly referred to the inscription, composed by Lampsonius, on the portrait of Matsys, and to that which Cornelius van der Geest in 1609 had engraved on the pedestal erected to the memory of the artist, and which in its famous line comprises all that need be said: "Connubialis amor de Mulcibre fecit Apelle."

Harper's Magazine for March.

While General Grant was in Constantinople the Sultan made him the gift of a beautiful horse. After his Turkish Majesty had shown his palace and gardens to his guest he conducted him to his stables. He ordered his best horses to be put on exhibition, and when they had been sufficiently admired he told the General to make a selection, taking the one which pleased him most. At first the General could not consent to it, and warmly protested against the Sultan's generosity. The Sultan's Minister of War, however, interposed, informing General Grant if he did not accept the gift his Majesty would be much displeased. The General, thereupon selected a dapple gray, superb in form and having a step that would light with admiration the eye of any cavalier. The caparisons were brought out, and the horse in splendid attire, was formally presented to General Grant. The Sultan, at his own expense, has sent the horse to Marseilles, whence he will proceed to this city.

Earl Russell is very small in stature, is now eighty-six, and lives at Pembroke Lodge, Richmond Park. His chief amusement is the London *Times* newspaper and feeding his favorite fawn on the slopes of his lawn. His lordship's cheeks, through age, have assumed the color of ancient vellum. One of the neatest dressers has he been all his life; his stovepipes have always been made on the same block, no curve in the brim, straight all round. "Little Johnny's" legs, while seated in the house, were never known to touch the ground; being small, and sitting back easily in a deep seat, his little "tootsies" always dangled.—*New York Sun's Positive Facts.*

A beardless young man, of a pale, studious face, clear blue eyes, dreamy aspect, and chestnut locks—this is Edison, the inventor of the phonograph. He is very deaf, and it is said has never heard clearly the voice of his invention. The phonograph is his 158th patent, and from his inventions he is said to draw a large income. He has a handsome house, but does not himself enjoy society, and is never so miserable as when he is idle. It is related that when in this city a few weeks ago he spent three hours in an organ factory, and in that time made four practical suggestions to the manufacturer, and learned to play six airs. *N. Y. Tribune.*

John Bright said, in a recent speech at Rochdale, that one-third of all the land in the United Kingdom belongs to 955 men.

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D. W. ROBBINS & CO.

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Which they will sell at the lowest cash prices.

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GENTS' FINE BOOTS AND SHOES!

Which they will sell at the lowest cash prices.

Also, a full line of

GENTS' FINE HATS!

Which they will sell at the lowest cash prices.

Also, a full line of

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Which they will sell at the lowest cash prices.

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GENTS' FINE CLOTHING!

Which they will sell at the lowest cash prices.

E. LEONARD & CO.'S COLUMN.

Dog's Bark at the Moon!

But what cares the Moon?

Fair Luna Smiles on as Placidly as ever!

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In Colorado Springs

YET "ONE PRICE"

And they vary it by the yard

GIVE AWAY GOODS!

But the Old Established and Reliable House of

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Wishing distinctly understood that they

DO NOT GIVE away Ready made Clothing

ONLY TO THE DESTITUTE.

The reputation this house bears for strict honesty and attention to business is such as to challenge the admiration of all who favor them with their patronage, while their facilities for doing business in a satisfactory manner are unsurpassed by any firm west of the Mississippi. It is a common remark that

E. LEONARD & CO.

Are among the leading clothiers of the state, and that their prices are always so reasonable that persons once trading with them think of going no where else.

Their success is due in a great measure to the points above noted; but another fact should also be mentioned in this communication, to-wit: They purchase their goods by the car-load, pay cash, and get the best bargains to be had in the great wholesale marts. Besides, their agents are always on the look out for special rock-bottom bargains, and they are thus prepared always to take advantage of the "main chance."

Their daily practice is to sell

COATS,

PANTS,

VESTS,

OVERCOATS!

SUITS,

RUBBER GOODS,

Furnishing Goods,

Hats, Caps,

STRAW GOODS,

TRUNKS,

VALISES.

&c., &c., &c.

So low that customers can pay for them, and thus retain their own self-respect.

Owing to the immense stock they have just received and that is yet to come, this firm has found it necessary to greatly enlarge their quarters, and to this end have secured the rooms above their own and the adjoining stores.

RISKS.

Any person living within an area of one hundred miles from Colorado Springs runs a risk if he buys his ready-made clothing at any other house than that of

E. LEONARD & CO.

Never in their past history was this Old Reliable Firm so well prepared to supply all the demands of the people for new, neat, and elegant spring and summer suits. Every department is replete with all the novelties of the season, and at prices never before known in the annals of the clothing trade in this city.

They make no misrepresentations. Never were they better prepared to prove the truth of this assertion than at present.

day, and will remain in session for two or three days.

Peter Mariani will soon open a first-class stock of candies, fruits, nuts, &c., at his old stand.

Members of Company B, Colorado Springs Cavalry, having uniforms in their possession are requested to leave them with A. H. Barrett without delay.

The annual meeting of the El Paso club will be held on Thursday, May 9, at No. 3 Wanless Block, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. Members are requested to attend.

The election for school director in this district yesterday resulted in favor of J. F. Humphrey. The vote was 98 for J. F. Humphrey, and 52 for E. F. Draper. Both gentlemen were eminently qualified for the position. With such candidates any result is satisfactory.

A member of the firm of W. D. Huff & Co., bill-posters of Denver, called on us yesterday. He is here billing this town in the interests of the "Out" Baking Powder Company, of Denver, and his work has been done in the best style possible.

There will be a temperance meeting under the auspicies of the Christian Union Temperance Society, at the City hall this evening at 7:30. A lecture by the Rev. Mr. Adams, of Pennsylvania, will be the feature of the evening. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

At a meeting of the Colorado Springs cavalry, held at their armory last evening, Dr. C. E. Edwords was elected surgeon of the company. Dr. Edwords will have a fine opportunity to practice surgery if the Company should be ordered to Canon City. We congratulate him.

Funeral of H. V. Marchant, Esq.

The funeral services of Mr. H. V. Marchant, were attended from his late residence yesterday at 10 o'clock a. m. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Walker, whose remarks were very appropriate and comforting. The interment took place at Mount Washington. The following named gentlemen acting as bearers:—Messrs. Kennedy, Rogers, Wilkes, Martin, Mallon, and Culver.

Killed in the Canon.

We learn from Canon City that a man was killed in the canon on Sunday morning, under the following circumstances:—It appears that a party of five men were holding an important point near the Royal Gorge, in the interest of the Denver & Rio Grande railway company, and that an effort was made by the law-abiding Atchison men during the temporary absence of four of the men to take this point. The one resolute man in charge refused to abandon his post, and fell a victim to his courage, being "picked" to death by his opponents. It is sincerely to be hoped that the public will not be shocked by any more such barbarous deeds. A later report says that the man is not dead, but lies in a critical condition.

Death of Warren L. Winslow, Esq.

Warren L. Winslow, secretary of the Commercial Travelers' Association of New York, and a prominent citizen of Syracuse, died in this city yesterday morning. Mr. Winslow came to Colorado some four months ago, in hopes of benefiting his health, but that fell destroyer—consumption—had fastened too strong a hold upon him, and we are now called upon to chronicle the sad event. It is not our purpose to eulogize Mr. Winslow, for the many friends he has made during his residence of three months in our city, will remember him only with the kindliest thoughts, and his family may rest assured of the heartfelt sympathy of these and many others. His remains will be taken to-day to Syracuse, New York, his former home, where the funeral obsequies will take place.

Personal.

E. H. Castle, a real estate agent of Chicago, is stopping at the National.

O. W. Cady, the Denver transfer man, was at the National hotel on Sunday.

J. H. Van Diest, a mining expert from Rosita, is at the Crawford.

A. N. Fuller, agent of the Rocky Mountain insurance company, of Denver, is registered at the National.

Mr. L. W. Brewster, assistant secretary of state, paid Colorado Springs and Manitou a visit on Sunday, returning to Denver on the evening train.

Rev. Dr. Millard, wife and son passed on their westward trip yesterday. They will visit all the points of interest on the Pacific coast, returning via Colorado Springs about the 1st of August.

Several clergymen were passengers on yesterday's northern bound express, viz. Rev. Dr. Jackson, Denver; Rev. Mr. Holmes, Pueblo, and Rev. H. B. Gage, of our city. They will attend the Presbytery, which convenes at Denver this evening.

Hammond expresses himself as being much pleased with his new quarters.

Coroner's Inquest.

On Sunday last an inquest was held on the body of Isaiah Givens, the victim of the Manitou tragedy, whose death was announced in our last issue. A *post mortem* examination was made by Drs. B. P. Anderson, assisted by Drs. Edwords and Hart. The track of the ball was upwards, forwards, and outwards, and it was found to have lodged in the second dorsal vertebrae, having in its course wounded the spinal cord, producing paralysis of all that part of the body below the wound. The testimony taken at the inquest corroborated with that taken at the preliminary examination of Powers. The verdict rendered was to the effect that Isaiah Givens came to his death by a pistol shot wound inflicted feloniously by Henry Powers, on the 31st day of March, 1878. The inquest was conducted by acting Coroner Davis, the jury being composed of the following named gentlemen: Messrs. Johnson, Riggs, Lelean, James, Wilkins, and Cundy.

Hotel Arrivals.

CRAWFORD HOUSE.—H. L. Hill, New York; D. A. Streeter, Chicago; John P. Baker, Leadville; Fred C. Peck, Lake City; H. A. McInture, New York; Numa Vidal, Manitou; Geo. W. Law and ranche; T. J. Anderson and family, A. T. & S. F.; C. G. Clough, Chicago; P. W. Merritt, do.; Jacob Sayweon, St. Louis; John Wilson, ranche; Chief Engineer W. H. Rutherford, Philadelphia; Mrs. W. H. Rutherford, do.; J. B. Rutherford, do.; L. H. Cheney, Milwaukee; E. K. Woodworth, Chicago; Geo. Allen, Denver; O. L. Van Deventer, Kansas City; J. W. Gilfaly, D. & R. G.; T. J. Clark, Kansas City; John L. Mitch, ranche; J. M. Haverton, Boston; P. H. Van Diest, Rosita; M. Herstine, Santa Fe; R. W. Greene, La ranche; F. H. Austin, Chicago ranche; August Jones, Central City; Charles N. Hoinick, Chicago.

NATIONAL.—A. N. Fuller, J. P. Ross, O. W. Cady, H. B. Williams, Denver; A. W. Jones, R. Gregory, Chas. Livingston, South Pueblo; E. C. Stockbridge, England; W. H. Reed, E. K. Raymond, ranch; E. H. Castle, Chicago.

MANITOU HOUSE.—Mr. and Mrs. Adair, Moreton Hall, England; C. S. Wheeler, Kansas City; A. F. Dalzell, Pittsburg, Pa.; F. A. Atherton, Denver; J. P. Sturtevant, Boston.

H. A. McInture's Explanation.

We received a call from Mr. McInture yesterday, who gave what appeared to be a very frank, reasonable explanation of his difficulties. He stated that the accounts published in the Denver papers on Sunday were substantially correct, but as he gave us some additional particulars we will briefly recount his conversation:

He emphatically denies that he has intentionally done anything wrong. He says that he was doing a good deal of business on a small capital, and that was the principal cause of his troubles. He thinks that his marriage, buying a house in Denver, and his return to this state after Mr. Knox's death all show that he had no intention to cheat anyone. He thinks he made a mistake in leaving the state in March. He did not go away to stay but as he was being hard pressed by his creditors he said he thought he would give them a chance to cool off. The arrest in New York, at the instance of Daniels, Brown & Co., he did not like; he said he fought against that like a Turk and got free. Deputy United States Marshal Fred C. Peck endorsed Mr. McInture's statement, that he came here entirely of his own accord. Mr. H. W. Austin, of Chicago, offered to furnish the $5,000 bail, but Mr. McInture preferred to come here and face the music.

He said that he was greeted in Denver with as great eclat as though he were the Grand Duke. As no specific charges had been made against him he could not make as complete a statement as he would when they were made. He was particularly indignant that he should have been charged with acting unfairly with Mr. Knox. Mr. Knox was a good friend to him, and was the last man he would have wronged.

In regard to the Collins loan he claims that he acted very fairly. After the sale of the collateral Mr. Collins was still his creditor to the amount of $1,000. As the transaction may not be understood, we will say that the house in Denver was bought of Mr. Collins for three thousand dollars. A trust deed was given to parties in New York for $1,500, and $1,500 was paid in First National Bank stock at par. Mr. Collins held this bank stock. Mr. McInture offered to give Mr. Collins his note for $1,500, get the trust deed, and leave the $1,500 of the bank stock as security for the $1,000 which he owed him. This appears to be very fair; but Mr. Collins would not make any such arrangements with him.

We do not wish to express any opinions in regard to Mr. McInture's innocence, as we are not sufficiently conversant with the

The regular meeting of the Common Council was held last evening. Present, his honor, Mayor France, Aldermen Crissey, Kennedy and Woodgate; absent, Alderman Walker. Report of F. T. Dow, City Treasurer, for April, was read and placed on file.

The salary of L. C. Hana, City Marshall, was placed at $60.00 per month.

Aldermen Crissey and Woodgate were appointed a committee to confer with the City Attorney in regard to drawing up specifications for bids on ditch and street work. The following bills were allowed:

J. M. Boyd, [illegible] salary as night watch	$[illegible] 50
Jas. Waters, work on ditches	48 00
J. H. Langton, "	09 60
A. C. Amick, "	27 40
Wm. Lampton, "	22 85
J. L. Lampton, "	29 50
S. J. Cornelius, "	75 00
A. Jones, "	4 00
W. H. Gunne, "	2 00
G. P. Conlief, "	6 00
S. E. Sessions, "	1 00
C. C. Hamer, "	12 00
Benj. Scudder, "	32 00
C. F. Wilson, "	14 00
John Jones, "	9 00
J. P. Pratt, "	30 00
McBride, "	12 00
Wm Elliott, "	16 00
W. Robbins, "	10 00
John Chapman, "	18 00
W. Franklin, "	12 50
E. P. Hynes, "	24 00
L. C. Hana, 1 month's salary as city marshal	[illegible] 00
F. E. Dow, 10 days salary as clerk	7 [illegible]
G. S. James, hardware	10 00
S. P. Gutshall, lumber	13 05
A. McGlynney, [illegible]	4 75
A. H. Barrett, blacksmithing, [illegible]	2 50

Considerable business of a miscellaneous nature was laid over. Council then adjourned to meet Saturday evening, May 11.

Business Locals.

"Legile Yacob Strauss" by Chas. Adams just received by Tribe & Jeffery's.

You have only to call and examine my stock and prices to be convinced that I have the largest stock in town, and sell the cheapest. A. D. CRAIGUE.

A $25.00 RAILROAD RIDE FOR $4.50.—By reference to another column it will be seen that the arrangements for the excursion to Vega Pass, on the 14th inst., are all complete. Any one who has not taken this trip should not fail to improve this opportunity for doing so.

For the best accommodations in Colorado Springs stop at the National Hotel.

One of the best hotels in Colorado is the Crawford House, at Colorado Springs.

Go to the new Dollar Store on Huerfano street and buy the finest Silverware, Oil Chromos, etc., for one dollar.

One dollar will buy more Silverware at the new Dollar Store than at any other place in the State.

Castday & Seck are prepared to do all kinds of blacksmithing, horse-shoeing, etc. We have also connected with our establishment a wagon shop, under the superintendence of Mr. S. M. Davis, where we do all kinds of wagon repairing. Our prices are as low as any in the State. We have now in the best of workmen. Give us a call. Brick shop south of Cascade avenue.

Fine silver Watches are sold every day at the new Dollar Store for one dollar.

A Verger desires to call special attention to his stock of finest Teas, choicest green and freshly roasted Mocha, Java, and Rio Coffees, standard and fancy brands of foreign and domestic fruit in glass and tin. Dry Fruits, Meats, Lard, and everything appertaining to a first-class house, which we are now receiving, and selling as low as can be bought in the State.

Milk five cents a quart. T. E. Johnson.

WALTZ.—Manitou Waltz, just published and for sale at Lake's Music store.

Those who have seen it say the Manitou Waltz is the finest thing out. For sale at Lake's music store.

FLEE AS A BIRD TO YOUR MOUNTAIN, is a very good thing for the birds, but if you are going to remain in town, just flee to Gardner & Parker's, and leave your orders for paper hanging, painting, &c. They are the boss.

DO YOU DANCE? If so, Manitou Waltz, by Henry Cook, at Lake's Music store.

Fresh Bread, Cakes, and everything in the baker's line delivered daily by W. H. KENNEY.

Buy the Cheyenne Canon Ice of T. E. Johnson.

T. A. Hay & Co., blacksmiths and Horseshoers, make a specialty of shoeing horses troubled with diseased hoofs, such as quarter cracks, contracted feet, corns, etc. Freighters can rely upon No. 1 work on mountain work, repairing of heavy mountain wagons a specialty. Sign of the Big Horse Shoe, Huerfano street, west of Cascade avenue, Colorado Springs.

DENTAL NOTICE.—I take pleasure in announcing to my patrons that I have received Dr. J. K. Newsome, an experienced practitioner and graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, as a partner in my Dental Office. The Dr. is thoroughly endorsed as a very skillful operator, and I confidently recommend my friends and patrons to C. J. REAVIS.

Horace Greeley said "Go west, young man, go west." But Cash & Seck say "Go higher, boys, pile higher," and we think, so if we get finished good in that line on the road, but then the low prices that he is offering will help us out.

qualed workmen, Bradbury & Scott.

H. H. Stevens has three or four good saddle horses to let at reasonable prices.

NEW BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.—"One Summer," "The Simple Truth," "One Year Abroad," "Coronation." For sale at Tribe & Jeffery's.

OF ALL SUMMER ANNOUNCEMENTS with which newspapers are now filled none are more important than the fact that Durkee & Lee have the most complete line of House Furnishing Goods and everything to be found in a first-class hardware store. Give them a call. 2t.

Music to kill.—See Lake's advertisement.

I keep the finest Grocery Store, and the reason that I can sell such nice goods so cheap is I buy directly from the manufactures in large quantities. And for this reason I can sell better goods at lower prices than can be bought elsewhere in the city. To be convinced of this call at the Mammoth Store of S. Sessler.

SAD.—That Lake is closing out his music store; yet rejoice that now is the time to buy cheap.

BRAND TIM.—Is coming, but you need not wait for him, for you can get all the music you want at Lake's music store. See advertisement.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.—Of selling goods below cost. The culprit can be seen at Lake's music store.

DRUGS

F. E. ROBINSON,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGIST,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

Prescriptions Compounded at all Hours.

C. STOCKBRIDGE,

Real Estate Agent.

MONEY LOANED.

Sportsmen's Depot.

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT.

Ice and Mineral Water

Delivered Daily.

President of El Paso County Brewing Co.

Walter A. Smith,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Real Estate and Loan AGENT.

SILVERWARE JEWELRY, Etc.

AGENT FOR

Rogers & Bro's Silverware

Jewelry, Watches, &c

Clocks

MORRIS'S.

EXCURSION

The Ladies of the M. E. Church would respectfully announce that they have completed their arrangements for an Excursion to

VEGA PASS,

Which will take place on

Tuesday, May 14, '78.

The grand scenic and picturesque beauties of the country on the route cannot be surpassed in any part of the West. The two hours' walk up the Pass, and the shady dell at the top, which is to be the place for the new

$1.50!

Round Trip, which does not include dinner.

Colorado Springs Band

will be on the ground and will have dinner ready at 12 o'clock.

SEVEN O'CLOCK A. M. SHARP,

is the time for the train to leave. Tickets may be obtained of Rev. J. A. Wyatt, Dr. Horn, and of the committee.

LARGE NEW STOCK OF

CLOTHING

AND

Furnishing Goods

In Union Block,

(One door south of Robinson's Drug Store.)

Everything will be kept in stock, from a Paper Collar to Suits made from the finest Imported Goods, and will be sold CHEAPER than the same class of goods have ever before been offered in this market.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

SAVAGE & FLORANCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Have just received 75 Cases of Boots and Shoes direct from the best factories East. We bought for cash, therefore we are determined to sell the Best of Goods at reasonable prices to suit the times.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Sign of the Golden Boot, Tejon Street, Colorado Springs.

MERCHANT TAILOR

CHAS. STEARNS,

Merchant Tailor!!

A BUTTER FIT,

Better work for Less Money,

Than can be obtained from Denver or elsewhere.

BRICK BLOCK,

Huerfano Street, Colorado Springs.

BREWERY.

FINE ALES, BEER, & STOUT

NOW READY FOR DELIVERY BY THE KEG

Manufactured and delivered daily by the

EL PASO COUNTY

Brewing Company.

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS AT

The Office, Corner of Pikes Peak Ave. and Cascade, Colorado Springs.

C. STOCKBRIDGE,

President and Manager.

RESTAURANT.

The United States

RESTAURANT,

Within Block of Post Office, COLORADO SPRINGS.

THOS. PASCOE, Proprietor.

Furnished Rooms in connection with the House.

GRAIN, FEED, HAY, ETC.

H. H. STEVENS,

Dealer in

Grain, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

BOARD AND SALE STABLE.

TEJON STREET,

Opposite G. S. Barnes', COLORADO SPRINGS.

NewspapersARCHIVE.com